

ASSIGNMENT 3

Textbook Assignment: "Military Organization," chapter 5.

- 3-1. What article of the Constitution provides that the executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States?
1. V
 2. II
 3. III
 4. IV
- 3-2. The President is the administrative head of what branch of the government?
1. Executive
 2. Legislative
 3. Judicial
 4. Congressional
- 3-3. The President may order the armed forces into military action before Congress declares war.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-4. Who heads the military chain of command within the Department of Defense?
1. President
 2. Joint Chiefs of Staff
 3. Secretary of Defense
 4. Department of the Army
- 3-5. Who is the principal advisor to the President on defense policy?
1. Joint Chiefs of Staff
 2. Secretary of Defense
 3. Commandant of the Marine Corps
 4. Secretary of the Navy
- 3-6. The chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff outranks all other officers in the armed forces.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-7. There are a total of how many unified combatant commands?
1. Nine
 2. Six
 3. Five
 4. Four
- 3-8. In what year was the Department of the Air Force established?
1. 1947
 2. 1949
 3. 1950
 4. 1951
- 3-9. As part of our military team, the Army focuses on what type of operations?
1. Land
 2. Special
 3. Air
 4. Joint
- 3-10. On what date was the United States Navy founded?
1. August 7, 1798
 2. April 30, 1789
 3. July 1, 1776
 4. October 13, 1775

- 3-11. What office monitors and evaluates congressional proceedings and actions that effect the Department of the Navy?
1. Office of Information
 2. Office of the General Counsel of the Navy
 3. Office of Program Appraisal
 4. Office of Legislative Affairs
- 3-12. What office provides legal services within the Department of the Navy in all areas except business and commercial law?
1. Office of Program Appraisal
 2. Office of the General Counsel of the Navy
 3. Office of the Judge Advocate General
 4. Assistant Secretary of the Navy
- 3-13. As an Assistant Secretary of the Navy, the Comptroller of the Navy is responsible for
1. financial management
 2. shipbuilding and logistics
 3. research, engineering, and systems
 4. manpower and reserve affairs
- 3-14. The Chief of Naval Operations is the second most senior officer in the Navy.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-15. The Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy is assigned to what immediate office?
1. Chief of Naval Personnel
 2. Chief of Naval Operations
 3. Secretary of the Navy
 4. Assistant Secretary of the Navy
- 3-16. What person advises the Chief of Navy Personnel on all matters regarding enlisted members and their dependents?
1. Chief of Naval Operations
 2. Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy
 3. Secretary of the Navy
 4. Vice Chief of Naval Operations
- 3-17. The operating forces of the Navy are combat or combat-support oriented.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-18. A task force (TF) is a subdivision of a fleet.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-19. What is the Navy's primary source of immediate mobilization manpower?
1. Individual Ready Reserve
 2. Standby Reserve
 3. Selected Reserve
 4. Retired Reserve
- 3-20. The Military Sealift Command is operated by the Navy for all armed services.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-21. U.S. Naval Forces Europe consists only of forces assigned by the CNO or from the Atlantic Fleet.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-22. The U. S. Naval Forces Central Command's area of responsibility includes which of the following areas?
1. Mediterranean
 2. Middle East
 3. Continental United States
 4. South America

- 3-23. The Atlantic Fleet's area of responsibility includes which of the following areas?
1. Mediterranean
 2. Middle East
 3. Cuba
 4. Antarctica
- 3-24. The Pacific Fleet's area of responsibility includes which of the following areas?
1. Southeast Asia
 2. Arctic Ocean
 3. U. S. west coast
 4. Both 2 and 3 above
- 3-25. Shore commands answer directly to CNO to carry out their missions.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-26. What command plans the amount of education and training needed by Navy personnel to meet manpower requirements?
1. CHNAVPERS
 2. CNET
 3. DIRSSP
 4. COMNAVDODCOM
- 3-27. What command has central authority for ship and nuclear power safety?
1. COMNAVSUPSYSCOM
 2. COMNAVSEASYSYSCOM
 3. COMNAVFACENGCOM
 4. COMSPAWARSYSYSCOM
- 3-28. What command is responsible for research, development, test, evaluation, procurement, and logistic support in aviation-related areas?
1. COMSPAWARSYSYSCOM
 2. DIRSSP
 3. COMNAVFACENGCOM
 4. COMNAVAIRSYSCOM
- 3-29. What command develops supply management policies and methods?
1. DIRSSP
 2. COMNAVSUPSYSCOM
 3. COMSPAWARSYSYSCOM
 4. COMNAVDODCOM
- 3-30. What command acquires and disposes of real estate for the Navy and manages Navy family housing?
1. COMNAVSEASYSYSCOM
 2. COMNAVSUPSYSCOM
 3. COMNAVFACENGCOM
 4. COMSPAWARSYSYSCOM
- 3-31. What command researches, develops, tests, evaluates, and procures airborne and shipboard electronics?
1. COMSPAWARSYSYSCOM
 2. COMNAVSUPSYSCOM
 3. COMNAVAIRSYSCOM
 4. COMNAVFACENGCOM
- 3-32. What command's mission is to organize, train, and equip computer and telecommunications activities?
1. DIRSSP
 2. COMNAVDODCOM
 3. COMNAVCOMTELCOM
 4. COMNAVMETODCOM
- 3-33. What command's mission is to develop, produce, and support fleet ballistic missile and strategic weapon systems?
1. DIRSSP
 2. COMNAVDODCOM
 3. COMNAVSEASYSYSCOM
 4. COMSPAWARSYSYSCOM

- 3-34. What command's mission is to collect, interpret, and apply atmospheric and oceanic data for safety and strategic and tactical planning?
1. COMNAVSEASYSKOM
 2. COMNAVMETOCCOM
 3. COMNAVFAENGCOM
 4. COMNAVSECGRUCOM
- 3-35. What command provides, operates, and maintains an adequate naval security group?
1. ONI
 2. COMNAVSECGRUCOM
 3. CNET
 4. COMNAVSPACECOM
- 3-36. What command is responsible for shore-based education and training of Navy, certain Marine Corps, and other personnel?
1. CHNAVPERs
 2. BUMED
 3. DIRSSP
 4. CNET
- 3-37. What command is responsible for the development of naval concepts and integrated naval doctrine?
1. COMNAVLEGSVCCOM
 2. COMNAVDOCCOM
 3. CHNAVPERs
 4. BUMED
- 3-38. What command oversees DoN's intelligence and security requirements and responsibilities?
1. COMNAVSECGRUCOM
 2. COMNAVSAFCEN
 3. COMNAVLEGSVCCOM
 4. ONI
- 3-39. What command administers the legal service program within the Navy?
1. DIRSSP
 2. COMNAVLEGSVCCOM
 3. COMNAVSECGRUCOM
 4. COMNAVSAFCEN
- 3-40. What command provides direct space systems support to naval forces and helps prepare the naval service for larger space systems involvement?
1. COMNAVSAFCEN
 2. COMNAVSECGRUCOM
 3. COMNAVSPACECOM
 4. ONI
- 3-41. What command enhances the war-fighting capability of the Navy and Marines by arming our Sailors, Marines, and civilians with the knowledge they need to save lives and preserve resources?
1. COMNAVSAFECEN
 2. COMNAVSECGRUCOM
 3. COMNAVSPACECOM
 4. ONI
- 3-42. The United States Marine Corps is part of the Department of the Navy.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-43. What is the largest government agency in the United States?
1. DoD
 2. DoN
 3. USN
 4. CNO

- 3-44. What organization is presidentially chartered and mandated by Congress to develop ballistic and cruise missile defense systems that are capable of providing a limited defense of the United States?
1. Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
 2. Ballistic Missile Defense Organization
 3. Defense Intelligence Organization
 4. Defense Information Systems Agency
- 3-45. What organization assists the military departments in their research and development efforts?
1. Defense Intelligence Agency
 2. Defense Contract Audit Agency
 3. Defense Finance and Accounting Service
 4. Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
- 3-46. What agency is responsible for providing an efficient and effective worldwide system for reselling groceries and household supplies?
1. Defense Contract Audit Agency
 2. Defense Finance and Accounting Service
 3. Defense Commissary Agency
 4. Defense Logistics Agency
- 3-47. What agency is responsible for making all payments, including payroll and contracts, for DoD?
1. Defense Finance and Accounting Service
 2. Defense Information Systems Agency
 3. Defense Legal Service Agency
 4. Defense Commissary Agency
- 3-48. The Defense Information Systems Agency is a combat support agency.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-49. What agency provides foreign intelligence and counterintelligence support to the SECDEF and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff?
1. Defense Information Systems Agency
 2. Defense Threat Reduction Agency
 3. Defense Security Service
 4. Defense Intelligence Agency
- 3-50. Who serves as the director of the Defense Legal Services Agency?
1. General Counsel of the DoD
 2. Joint Chiefs of Staff
 3. JAG
 4. SECDEF
- 3-51. The Defense Logistics Agency is NOT responsible for the acquisition of weapons for the military services.
1. True
 2. False
- 3-52. What agency is responsible for polygraph research, education, training, and examinations?
1. Defense Threat Reduction Agency
 2. Defense Security Service
 3. Defense Intelligence Agency
 4. Defense Legal Services
- 3-53. What agency is responsible for threat reduction to the United States and its allies from nuclear, biological, chemical, and other special weapons?
1. Defense Security Agency
 2. Defense Intelligence Agency
 3. Defense Information Systems Agency
 4. Defense Threat Reduction Agency